

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# Red Hi-Temp RTV Silicone Gasket Maker

## Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier Red Hi-Temp RTV Silicone Gasket Maker

Synonyms 49472 Manufacturer Stock 143374

Numbers

Recommended use Refer to Technical Information
Uses advised against Refer to Technical Information

Manufacturer Contact

Address Dynatex a division of Soudal

350 Ring Road

Elizabethtown, KY, 42701

USA

Phone Emergency Phone Fax

(270) 769-3385 (800) 424-9300 (270) 769-6418

**CHEMTREC** 

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

Classification EYE DAMAGE/IRRITATION - Category 2A

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Signal Word Warning

Pictogram



Hazard Statements Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

**Precautionary Statements** 

Response If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Read label before use.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Prevention Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear eye protection/face protection.

Wear protective gloves.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal N/A

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

0%

Hazards not Otherwise

Classified

Additional Information None known

## Section 3. Ingredients

CAS	Ingredient Name	Weight %
17689-77-9	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	1% - 5%
4253-34-3	Methyltriacetoxysilane	1% - 5%
75-37-6	Difluoroethane (propellant)	1% - 5%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **Section 4. First-Aid Measures**

Comments Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

Ingestion No first aid should be needed.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. No first aid should be needed.

Skin Contact Remove from skin and wash thoroughly with soap and water or waterless

cleanser. Get medical attention if irritation or other ill effects develop or persist.

Eye Contact Immediately flush with water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

#### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing On large fires use dry chemical, foam, or water spray. On small fires use carbon

Media dioxide, dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed

containers.

None known

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

**Products** 

Hazardous Decomposition Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may

evolve the following hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds

Formaldehyde Silicon dioxide Metal oxides

Unusual Fire or Explosion

Hazards

Comment

None known

Special Fire Fighting **Procedures** 

Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn when fighting large fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

When temperatures above 150C in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential cancer hazard, a known skin and respiratory sensitizer, and an irritant to the eyes, nose, throat, skin and digestive system. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor concentrations within the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits for formaldehyde.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be taken in case of spill or release

Determine whether to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. For small spills, wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate since spilled material, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require the use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbent or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur.

Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

#### Section 7. Handling and Storage

Storage

Use reasonable care and store away from oxidizing materials. Keep container closed and store away from water or moisture. This material in its finely divided form presents an explosion hazard. Follow NFPA 654 (for chemical dusts) or 484 (for metal dusts) as appropriate for managing dust hazards to minimize secondary explosion potential. Pg. 3 of 8

Use adequate ventilation. Product evolves acetic acid when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control acetic acid within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits	Ingredient Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL 	STEL ————
	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	TWA 10ppm	TWA 10ppm	15ppm
	Methyltriacetoxysilane	TWA 10ppm	TWA 10ppm	<u> 15ppm</u>
	Difluoroethane (propellant)	Not established	Not established	N/A
Personal Protective Equipment	Goggles, Gloves			

Equipment

Note

These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperatures or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions. For further information regarding aerosol inhalation toxicity, please refer to the guidance document regarding the use of silicone-based materials in aerosol applications that has been developed by the silicone industry

(www.SEHSC.com).

Comment Product evolves acetic acid when exposed to water or humid air. Provide

ventilation during use to control acetic acid within exposure guidelines or use

respiratory protection.

When heated to temperatures above 150C (300F) in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Physical and health hazard information is readily

available on the Material Safety Data Sheet.

**Precautionary Measures** 

Respiratory protection

respiratory protection

Skin Protection

Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Use reasonable care.

No respiratory protection should be needed with good local ventilation.

Wash at mealtimes and end of shift. Contaminated clothing and shoes should

be removed as soon as practical and thoroughly cleaned before reuse.

Chemical protective gloves are recommended.

Suitable Gloves:

Silver Shield® 4H®

**Eye Protection** 

Safety goggles or glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Exposure Controls** 

Acetic acid is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm

and ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 ppm, STEL 15 ppm.

## Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Paste
Color	Red
Odor	Acetic Acid
	Odor
Odor Threshold	Not available

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Solubility	Not available	
Partition coefficient Water/n-octanol	There is not	
	data	
	available	
VOC%	N/A	
Viscosity	Not available	
Specific Gravity	1.007	
Density lbs/Gal	N/A	
Pounds per Cubic Foot	N/A	
Flash Point	>100C	
	>212F	
FP Method	Closed	
рН	Not available	
Melting Point	Not available	
Boiling Point	Not available	
Boiling Range	N/A	
LEL	N/A	
UEL	N/A	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available	
Vapor Pressure	Not available	
Vapor Density	Not available	

Note

The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications. Contact Soudal Accumetric before writing specifications.

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Materials to Avoid / Oxidizing material can cause a reaction. Water, moisture or humid air can cause

Incompatibility hazardous vapors to form as described in Section 8.

Conditions to avoid None known Hazardous polymerization Will not occur

Chemical Stability Stable

### **Section 11. Toxicological Information**

Special Hazard Information No known applicable information.

on Components

Component Toxicology No known applicable information.

Information

## Section 12. Ecological Information

Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants **Environmental Effects** 

Complete information is not yet available.

**Environmental Fate and** 

Complete information is not yet available. Complete information is not yet available.

Distribution

#### Section 13. Disposal

Waste Disposal Method

We make no guarantee or warranty of any kind that the use or disposal of this product complies with all local, state, or federal laws. It is also the obligation of each user of the product mentioned herein to determine and comply with the requirements of all applicable statutes.

This product is not known to be regulated under RCRA regulations. Disposal of unused portions of this product and process waste containing this product should be done only after a careful evaluation and in compliance with all federal, local and state laws.

#### Section 14. Transport Information

**UN Number** 

1950

UN Proper Shipping Name Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) (1,1-Difluoroethane)

**DOT Classification** 

2.1

Packing Group

Transport in bulk according Not available

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Special precautions for

user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to

do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Remarks

Limited quantity exemption

#### Section 15. Regulatory Information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

SARA Title III

All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Classification Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Clean Air Act (CAA)

Section 112 Regulated Flammable Substances

1.1-Difluoroethane

Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not listed

Section 602 Class I Substances

Not listed

Section 602 Class II Substances

Not listed

State Regulations

Massachusetts

The following components are listed: Silicon dioxide; 1,1-Difluoroethane

New York

None of the components are listed.

New Jersey

The following components are listed: 1,1-Difluoroethane

Pennsylvania

The following components are listed: Silicon dioxide

California Prop 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium Dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more

information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Other Federal Regulations DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

International Regulations

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or

exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

#### **Section 16. Other Information**

**Revision Date** 

6/7/2018

Disclaimer

The data contained herein is based upon information that Soudal Accumetric believes to be reliable. Users of this product have the responsibility to determine that suitability of use and to adopt all necessary precautions to ensure the safety and protection of property and persons involved in said use. All statements or suggestions are made without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the

accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.